UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2009 question paper

## for the guidance of teachers

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 31 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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				GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2009	9702	31
I	(a)	Firs	t valu	les for <i>h</i> and <i>z,</i> to the nearest mm.		[1
	(b)	by t Fou	he ta ır maı	ments – Add up the number of sets of values of $z$ and ble. rks for six sets of readings of $z$ and $h$ , three for five set p given by supervisor, -1 if wrong trend i.e. $h\uparrow z\downarrow$ )		ed total [4
		Max	kimun	n value for <i>z - h</i> greater than 6.0 cm		[1
		Column headings Each column heading must contain a quantity and a unit where appropriate. Ignore units in the body of the table. There must be some distinguishing mark between the quantity and the unit (i.e. solidus is expected, but accept, for example, <i>h</i> (mm)).		[1		
				ncy of presentation of raw readings alues of <i>h</i> and <i>z</i> must be given to the same number of	decimal places.	[1
	(c)	(i)	Sens Scal Scal the g Scal	ph) Axes sible scales must be used. Awkward scales (e.g. 3:10) e markings should be no more than 3 large squares a es must be chosen so that the plotted points occupy a graph grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. es must be labelled with the quantity being plotted. Igr v reversed axes but do not allow the wrong graph.	part. t least half	[1
			Àll o Ring Worl	ph) Plotting bservations must be plotted. Put a ringed total of plotted and check a suspect plot. Tick if correct. Re-plot if inc k to an accuracy of half a small square. alise 'blobs' – dia. of plots must be <u>&lt;</u> ½ a small square	correct.	[1
			Ther	ph) Line of best fit ge by scatter of at least 5 trend points about the candic re must be a fair scatter of points either side of the line cate best line if candidate's line is not the best line.		[1
			Judg All p	ph) Quality of results ge by scatter of points about the best fit line. oints in the table (of which there must be at least 5) more $\frac{1}{2}$ 0.3 cm (to scale) on the <i>h</i> axis.	ust be	[1
		(ii)	Rea valu	hypotenuse must be at least half the length of the draw d-offs must be accurate to half a small square. If incor		[1 correct [1

Page 3		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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(d) (i)		value(s) for <i>d</i> to nearest 0.1 mm or 0.01 mm 0 mm < <i>d</i> < 27.00 mm.  Unit required.			[1]
		eated readings for <i>d</i> .			[1]
(ii)	A ca	Iculated correctly. Allow ecf. Check value. If incorrect,	write in the cor	rect value.	[1]
	•	ificant figures for <i>A</i> must be the same as, or one more values of <i>d</i> .	than, the sig. fig	gs. of the	[1]
• •	Method – <u>value</u> from (c) (ii) equated to $k/\rho Ag + 1$ Substitution methods lose both (e) marks				
Cal (or	culati refer t	on methods lose both (e) marks on - value for k in range 4 to 6 Nm <sup>-1</sup> .(allow 3.50 $\leq k \leq$ 6 to supervisor's value). Unit required. Ignore SF. k is conditional on achieving the previous mark.	5.49).		[1]
				[Total:	20]

	Page 4		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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2	(a) (		First value of $l$ , with unit, to nearest mm. (40 $\leq l \leq$ 60 -1 if help given by supervisor)	cm)	[1]
	(b) (	(i) F	first value of $d$ ( 18 cm $\leq d \leq$ 22 cm) with consistent	unit.	[1]
	(i		<ul> <li><u>Method</u> of measuring <i>d</i> accurately – two details of pr</li> <li>Method of consistent release of marble</li> <li>Use of named item(s) as marker(s)</li> <li>Refining position of marker</li> <li>Place ruler underneath and view vertically fro to not allow 'repeats'</li> </ul>	-	[2]
	(ii	F I	Percentage uncertainty in <i>d</i> . Range of absolute uncertainty: 2 mm $\leq \Delta d \leq$ 10 mm repeated readings have been done then the uncert Correct ratio idea required. x 100% implied.		[1] ange.
	(c) (	(i) F	irst value of <i>k</i> , substitution correct. Consistent unit.		[1]
	(i	ii) J	ustification for s.f. in value of <i>k</i> .		[1]
		E	ither: <i>k</i> must be given to same no. of SF, or one mo	ore than, <i>l</i> <u>and</u> <i>d</i> .	
			Dr: <i>k</i> must be given to same no. of SF, or one more the high provide the heast no. of SF.	than, <i>l</i> or <i>d</i> ,	
	(d) S	Seco	nd values of <i>l</i> and <i>d</i> .		[1]
	E	Evide	nce of repeat readings for first or second value of <i>d</i>		[1]
	S	Seco	nd <i>d</i> less than first <i>d.</i>		[1]
	(e) F	Perce	entage difference (or fractional difference) in <i>k</i> value	s calculated.	[1]
			ble conclusion consistent with uncertainty of 20% ues of <i>k</i> , or candidate's stated uncertainty.		[1]

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## (f) Identifying limitations and suggesting improvements:

	(f) (i) Limitations/ sources of error (max 4 marks)	<b>(f) (ii) Improvements</b> (max 4 marks))	lgnore:
А	Only two readings/two readings are not enough (to draw a valid conclusion)	Take more readings and plot a graph/calculate more k values	repeat readings
В	Hard to measure <i>d</i> because ball moves too quickly/ too fast/only stationary for short time	Use video and play back slowly/ frame by frame Use slow motion camera Use position sensor/motion sensor Allow light gates, adjusting position until beam interrupted	Use a high-speed camera/computer/data logger
С	Difficulty in releasing marble consistently/ from rest/without applying a force	Description of a mechanism to release marble e.g. slot in tube + card	Change angle
D	Parallax error in measurement of <i>d</i>	Description of method of reducing parallax error requiring additional equipment e.g. shadow projection	view at eye level view from above use a marker
E	Incorrect alignment/ inconsistent collisions/ different paths down tube	Use narrower tube	
F	Motion of ball affected by air movement/ ball swings around	Turn off fans/air con. Shield from draughts	Use a closed room/vacuum refs to air resistance heavier ball
G	Difficult to measure <i>l</i> because it is hard to judge the position of the centre of the ball	Measure diameter of ball using vernier calipers Measure <i>l</i> to top and bottom of ball and average.	

[Total:20]